

# Advanced Course- Lesson 8 Summary

A direct object pronoun replaces the object

verb

Subject

What? Whom?

I eat an apple.  
My friend knows that girl.  
Laura likes cats.  
My parents watch my brother.

The remaining part (in black?) is ... the direct object

The object 'receives' the action of the verb.

### Position of direct object pronouns

Je **la** mange

Il **les** aime

Tu **le** regardes

Je **l'** achète

The pronoun goes before the conjugated verb

### Direct object pronouns

French	English
<b>me</b> [muh] <b>m'</b>	<i>me</i>
<b>te</b> [tuh] <b>t'</b>	<i>you</i>
<b>le</b> [luh] <b>l'</b>	<i>him /it (masculine nouns)</i>
<b>la</b> [lah] <b>l'</b>	<i>her/ it (feminine nouns)</i>
<b>nous</b> [noo]	<i>us</i>
<b>vous</b> [voo]	<i>you</i>
<b>les</b> [leh]	<i>them</i>

Will lose the vowel (e or a) before a vowel or 'h'

### In negative sentences

Je **ne** mange **pas** la pizza.

Before the conjugated verb

Je **ne** la mange **pas**.

### In sentences containing an infinitive verb

Je déteste }  
Je veux } **faire** les courses.  
Je vais } **Before the infinitive verb**

Je déteste }  
Je veux } **les faire**  
Je vais }

## EXTRA: with the perfect tense

Elle **a** mangé un gâteau      Elle **l'** a mangé

Before the auxiliary verb

Elle **a** mangé une pomme      Elle **l'** a mangé**e**.

Elle **a** mangé deux gâteaux      Elle **les** a mangé**s**.

Elle **a** mangé deux pommes      Elle **les** a mangé**es**.

The past participle AGREES with the object (a bit like adjectives)